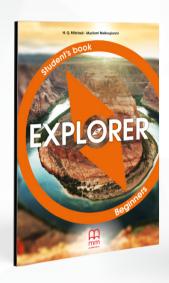
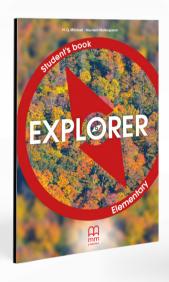


# EXPLORER

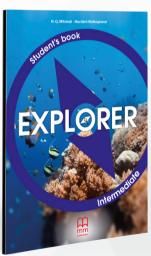




























### Series



### CEFR

A1 to B2

### Levels

5 books

# Modules per book

16

### Lessons per module

3

# **Teaching hours** per week:

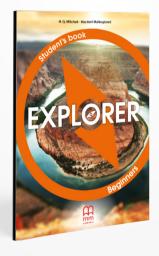
3

**Vector** is an exciting brand new six-level course for primary students. It has been designed to engage students, spark their interest in scientific knowledge and equip them with the skills necessary to excel in the modern, ever changing world. The framework provides a comprehensive set of progressive learning objectives for science and helps develop practical skills through scientific inquiry.

### Key features:

- > Culture pages with consolidation projects.
- > Review activities.
- > Systematic development of written production skills.
- > Section for Project Based Learning guidelines.
- > Videos and Digital Glossary.

# Components for students



Student's book



Full-color Workbook



Student's CD





ELT **Platform** 









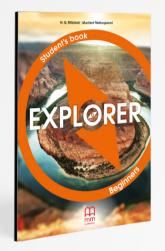








# Series



### Components for teachers





Teacher's Resource CD / CD-ROM



Class CDs



**MM Series** Student's Resources



ELT Platform



In Explorer, both British and American English have been used in different written and spoken texts, thus preparing students for various examinations. British English spelling conventions are used throughout these books.



Scope and Sequence



# Samples

# How's work?

# **LESSON ONE**

# Listening and reading •

A. Listen, read and find out if Lisa and Sophie like their jobs.

Sophie Hi, Lisa!

Lisa Hello, Sophie. How are you? How's work?

**Sophie** Oh, well, you know, boring. I get up early in the morning

and I work all day long.

Lisa What time do you start work?

 $\textbf{Sophie} \quad I \ go \ to \ the \ shop \ at \ 9.00 \ a.m. \ every \ day \ and \ I \ work \ until \ 5.30$ 

in the evening.... On Thursdays, until 7.00. What about you?

How are things at the office?

**Lisa** Not that great! I start work at 7.00 a.m. and finish at 8.00

p.m. We even work on Saturdays from 8.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

 $\textbf{Sophie} \quad I \ work \ on \ Saturdays \ too. \ I \ finish \ at \ 6.00 \ p.m.$ 

Lisa What a weekend! When do you relax? Sophie Well, late at night and on Sundays.

**Lisa** You know, Sophie, I think it's time to get a new job!



B. What time do Sophie and Lisa start and finish work? Read again and complete the schedule.

My week	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY	SUNDAY
SOPHIE	9.00 a.m 5.30 p.m.	9.00 a.m	5.30 p.m.		9.00 a.m 5.30 p.m.		х
LISA	8.00 p.m.	7.00 a.m 8.00 p.m.	7.00 a.m		7.00 a.m 8.00 p.m.		X

# Vocabulary •

# **Telling the time**

Look, read and complete. Then listen and check your answers.

### What time is it?

	Wilde	time is it.	
1 14:00 It's	clock. 2 1t's f	five past six.	It's a quarter past two.
4 It's half pas	et eight. 12:45	a quarter to one.	It's ten to three.
It's	12 It's		It's

# Grammar

# Present Simple (affirmative and questions: *I, we, you, they*) - Prepositions of time

- A. Read the examples. What do you notice about the formation of the affirmative and question form of the Present Simple? What do you notice about the use of the prepositions of time on, in, at, until and from... to...?
  - **A:** What time do you start work on Monday?
  - **B:** I start at seven o'clock. I work from seven in the morning to three in the afternoon.

My flatmates work until ten o'clock at night!

**We get** up early **on** Saturday mornings but our friends get up late.

A: When do you relax?

B: At the weekend.

В.	Complete	the dialog	ues with լ	preposition	s of time
	and the Pi	esent Simp	ole of the	verbs in bra	ackets.

a.

A: What time (1) _	(you / go) to
school?	

**B:** (2) \_\_\_\_\_\_ 8.15 (3) \_\_\_\_\_ the morning.

b.

A:   (1)	(relax) and
(2)	(read) books
(3)	Saturdays What about you?

**B:** Well, I (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_ (work)

 (5) \_\_\_\_\_\_\_ 4 o'clock every Saturday.

 (6) \_\_\_\_\_\_ Saturday evenings my

 wife and I (7) \_\_\_\_\_\_ (go) out with our

C.

friends.

A: What time (1) \_\_\_\_\_ (you and Pete / open) the shop (2) \_\_\_\_\_ Sundays?

B: We (3) \_\_\_\_\_\_ (open) the shop (4) \_\_\_\_\_\_ 10 a.m. We're open (5) 10 a.m. (6) 2 p.m.

# Listening O

Listen to two people talking about what time shops open and close in Madrid, Spain and in New York City, USA and complete the tables.



N	lew York City	
Mon-Fri:	9.00 p.m.	
Sat:	9.00 a.m	
Sun:		

# Speaking

Work in pairs. Ask and answer questions about each other's daily schedules, using the prompts in the box.

get up start work/classes finish work/classes relax

What time do you...?

I...

When do you...?

I...

# **LESSON TWO**

# Vocabulary •

# **Jobs and workplaces**

Match the pictures with the sentences. Then listen and check your answers.



She's a waitress.



He's a pilot.



He's a doctor.



4 She's a shop assistant.



5 She's a reporter.

- a She works in a bookshop.
- **b** He works at a hospital.
- C She works for a TV station.
- C She works at a restaurant.
- e He works for an airline.

# Listening and reading •

A. Look at the pictures of the people and guess what they do.

B. Listen, read and check your answers



Ben Johnson lives in Brisbane, Queensland, Australia, but he works in the sky over Brisbane. He is a helicopter pilot and flies over the city to report the traffic news to radio and TV stations. He gives information to drivers in the city. 'It's an interesting job,' he says.

Ben Johnson



Melanie Greene works as a journalist for News Channel 9 and she's very busy. She starts her day early in the morning. She appears on Good Morning Brisbane every weekday from 5.30 a.m. to 7.00 a.m. She presents the news and gives information about other things, like the weather, the traffic, etc. 'I help people start their day,' she says. 'I love my job!'

Melanie Greene

### C. Read again and answer the questions.

- 1. Where does Ben live?
- 4. What information does Melanie give to people?
- 2. What does he report?
- 5. When does she appear on TV?
- 3. Who does he help?

# Grammar

# Present Simple (affirmative and questions: he, she, it)

A. Read the examples. How do we form the third person singular of the Present Simple?



- A: What does she do?
- **B:** She's a waitress. **She works** at a Chinese restaurant.



- **A:** Jack's a helicopter pilot. **He flies** a helicopter all day.
- **B:** What time does he finish work?
- **A:** He finishes at 6.00 p.m.

B. Complete the dialogues with the Present Simple of the verbs in the box. Use some verbs more than once.

work prese	ent speak
go mean	do love
a.	
A: Where does your friend, M	att, ( <b>1</b> )
<b>B:</b> He ( <b>2</b> )	for a radio station.
A: Really? What does he (3) _	there?
<b>B:</b> He ( <b>4</b> )	the news.
A: That's a great job!	
b.	
<b>A:</b> What do you (1)	on Saturday
evenings?	on Saturday
<b>B:</b> Sally and I (2)	to an Italian
restaurant every Saturday.	
restaurants.	
C.	
<b>A:</b> My wife (1)	English and French. I
( <b>2</b> ) En	
B: Really? What does casa (3)	
Snanish?	

house.

# Pronunciation •

- A. Listen and repeat. What's the difference between **a**, **b** and **c**?
  - a. speaks b. gives c. closes
- B. Now listen and tick (✓) the sound you hear.

	answer <b>s</b>	finish <b>es</b>	help <b>s</b>	flies	write <b>s</b>	go <b>es</b>
speak <b>s</b> /s/						
give <b>s</b> /z/						
close <b>s</b> /ız/						

A: It (4)



# **LESSON THREE**

# Vocabulary •

# **Duties at work**

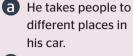
Match the pictures with the sentences. Then listen and check your answers.



1 She's a secretary.



He's a bus driver.



- b He drives a bus and takes people round the city.
- C She types emails and answers phone calls.
- d He teaches students.
- e He serves customers.

meals. Sometimes he/she

is in the hotel restaurant too and helps the guests

choose a dish.



**2** He's a waiter. (



4 He's a taxi driver.

5 He's an English teacher.

# Reading O

- A. Look at a career advice website showing different full-time and part-time jobs in a hotel. Look at the pictures and guess what each person does.
- B. Listen, read and compare the information in the text with your answers.

auests.



CHEF

C. Read the text again and look at the pictures. Write which hotel employee can help these guests.







1. \_\_\_\_\_

2. \_\_\_\_\_









4. \_\_\_\_\_ 5. \_\_\_\_

# Listening O

Listen to three people talking about their jobs. Decide whether they are part-time or full-time jobs and match the people with the correct jobs. There is one extra job which you do not need to use.

# part-time

full-time

6.

- 3. Phil
- a waiter
- **b** chef
- **c** bellboy
- **d** taxi driver

# Speaking

Work in pairs.

### Student A

Imagine that you are doing a survey on people's working habits. Interview Student B and complete the form. Then ask Student B questions about a friend of his/hers.

### Student B

Student A is interviewing you about your working habits. Answer his/her questions. If you don't have a job, imagine that you do. Then answer questions about a friend of yours.

3	WORK S	URVEY
	Student B	His/Her friend
what / do / ?		
where / work / ?		
what / exactly / do /?		
part-time or full-time job / ?		
what time / start and finish / work / ?		
interesting or boring job /?		

# Writing

Imagine that you have a new job. Write an email to a friend and describe the job using the prompts from the Speaking activity.

Dear	
	re you? Guess what!
I have a n	iew job.
I work	

# How's work?

# **LESSON ONE**

# Listening and reading •

A. Listen, read and find out if Lisa and Sophie like their jobs.

Sophie Hi, Lisa!

**Lisa** Hello, Sophie. How are you? How's work?

**Sophie** Oh, well, you know, boring. I get up early in the morning

and I work all day long.

**Lisa** What time do you start work?

 $\textbf{Sophie} \quad I \ go \ to \ the \ shop \ at \ 9.00 \ a.m. \ every \ day \ and \ I \ work \ until \ 5.30$ 

in the evening.... On Thursdays, until 7.00. What about you?

How are things at the office?

Lisa Not that great! I start work at 7.00 a.m. and finish at 8.00

p.m. We even work on Saturdays from 8.00 a.m. to 1.00 p.m.

Sophie I work on Saturdays too. I finish at 6.00 p.m.

Lisa What a weekend! When do you relax? Sophie Well, late at night and on Sundays.

**Lisa** You know, Sophie, I think it's time to get a new job!



B. What time do Sophie and Lisa start and finish work? Read again and complete the schedule.

My week							
my moon	MONDAY	TUESDAY	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY	FRIDAY	SATURDAY	SUNDAY
SOPHIE	9.00 a.m 5.30 p.m.	9.00 a.m	5.30 p.m.		9.00 a.m 5.30 p.m.		×
LISA	8.00 p.m.	7.00 a.m 8.00 p.m.	7.00 a.m		7.00 a.m 8.00 p.m.		×

# Vocabulary •

# **Telling the time**

Look, read and complete. Then listen and check your answers.

What time is it?								
1 12 12 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3 3	lt's four o'clock.	2 12 3 3 3 3 5 3 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5 5	It's five past six.  It's	3 02:15 © 12 and 10 for all and 10 a	It's a quarter past two.			
4	lt's half past eight.	5 12:45 © to do to do do <sup>NO</sup>	It's a quarter to one.	6 , 3	It's ten to three.			
	It's	12	It's		It's			

### **FUNCTIONS**

Talking about routines

Telling the time

Talking about daily schedules

Talking about permanent situations

### **STRUCTURES**

**Present Simple** 

(affirmative and Wh-questions: I, we, you, they)

Prepositions of time

### **VOCABULARY**

boring even finish get get up go (to) job office relax shop start week weekend work

### Words related to time

a.m. day early half late o'clock past p.m. quarter to

### Days of the week

Monday Tuesday Wednesday Thursday Friday Saturday Sunday

### **Prepositions of time**

at from... to in on until

### **Phrases**

at night all day long every day How are things...? in the evening in the morning I think... It's time to... Not that great. What a weekend! What about...? What time...? What time is it? When...? you know

# Warm-up

Aims: • to introduce the topic of the lesson and the main functions presented





- Ask Ss if they work, where they work and if they like their jobs.
- Ask Ss if they work every day and when they relax.

# Listening and reading

- A. Aims: to present vocabulary, structures and functions in the context of a dialogue between two women talking about their jobs
  - to understand the gist of the dialogue



- Ask Ss to cover the dialogue, listen carefully and find out if Lisa and Sophie like their jobs. Play the recording.
- Play the recording again and tell Ss to follow in their books.
- · Check Ss' answers.

### **KEY**

They don't like their jobs.

# **B.** Aims: • to check comprehension of specific information in the dialogue



- Tell Ss that they should refer to the dialogue and complete the schedule given about what time Sophie and Lisa start and finish work.
- Tell Ss to read the dialogue again.
- · Have Ss do the activity.
- · Check answers.

KEY		
	My w	eek
	MONDAY	TUESDAY
SOPHIE	9.00 a.m 5.30 p.m.	9.00 a.m <i>5.30 p.m</i> .
LISA	7.00 a.m 8.00 p.m.	7.00 a.m 8.00 p.m.
	WEDNESDAY	THURSDAY
SOPHIE	9.00 a.m 5.30 p.m.	9.00 a.m 7.00 a.m.
LISA	7.00 a.m 8.00 p.m.	7.00 a.m 8.00 p.m.
	FRIDAY	SATURDAY
SOPHIE	9.00 a.m 5.30 p.m.	9.00 a.m 6.00 p.m.
LISA	7.00 a.m 8.00 p.m.	8.00 a.m 1.00 p.m.
COPULE	SUNDAY	
SOPHIE	×	
LISA	Х	

# Vocabulary CD 1 1 21

# Telling the time

Aims: • to present and practise telling the time



- Ask Ss to look at the clocks and read the examples.
- Focus on the ways we tell the time in English and ask Ss to write the times missing.
- Have Ss do the activity.
- Play the recording and ask Ss to listen to it and check their answers.

### KEY

- 1. seven o'clock
- 2. five past nine
- 3. a quarter past five
- 4. half past three
- 5. a quarter to eight
- 6. ten to six

### **OPTIONAL**

- Say: I'm a teacher. I start work at... and finish at...
- Then ask Ss: What time do you start/finish work?
- · Elicit answers.

# **LESSON ONE**

# Grammar

- A. Aims: to introduce the Present Simple (affirmative and Wh-questions: I, we, you, they) and prepositions of time
  - . @
  - Have Ss read each example and point out the words/ phrases in orange and blue.
  - · Ask Ss to answer the questions.
  - Point out that we form the Present Simple affirmative with the subject and the main verb. In the question form we use the auxiliary verb do in front of the subject and the main verb.
  - Point out that we use the preposition at with the time and with the expressions at the weekend / at night, etc. We use the preposition on with the days of the week and the preposition in with the expressions in the morning / in the afternoon / in the evening, etc, but we say on Monday mornings. We use until and from... to to express duration of time.
  - Refer Ss to the Grammar Reference at the back of the book.
- **B.** Aims: to practise using the structures taught in this lesson in the context of short dialogues

  - · Ask Ss to read the dialogues and do the activity.
  - · Check answers.

### **KEY**

- a. 1. do you go
  - 2. At
- 3. in
- b. 1. relax
  - 2. read
  - 3. on
  - 4. work
  - 5. until
  - 6. On
  - 7. go
- c. 1. do you and Pete open
  - 2. on
  - 3. open
  - 4. at
  - 5. from
  - 6. to

# Listening CD1 1 22

Aims: • to listen for specific information

- · to identify time
- Ask Ss what time the shops open and close in their country. Elicit answers.
- Ask Ss to listen to the recording and complete the time that the shops open and close in the two cities.

- Play the recording twice.
- Have Ss do the activity.
- Check answers.

KEY		
	Madrid	
Mon-Sat:	9.30 a.m <i>1.30 p.m.</i> 4.30 p.m 8.00 p.m.	
Sun:	CLOSED	
N	ew York City	
Mon-Fri:	<i>9.00 a.m.</i> - 9.00 p.m.	
Sat:	9.00 a.m <i>6.00 p.m</i> .	
Sun:	10.00 a.m 4.00 p.m.	

### LISTENING TRANSCRIPT

- A: Come on, let's go shopping.
- B: But it's three o'clock. You're not in New York City now, you know. This is Madrid.
- A: What do you mean?
- **B:** People here have a siesta in the afternoon, so the shops close at half past one. They open again at half past four until late in the evening...
- A: On Saturdays too?
- B: Yep.
- A: People don't have siestas in New York City. The shops are open from nine a.m. to nine p.m.
- B: And at the weekend?
- A: Well, they close at six on Saturdays, but they're open from ten a.m. to four p.m. on Sundays.
- B: There's no shopping in Madrid on Sundays. It's just one allday siesta!



Aims: • to give Ss practice in asking and answering about daily schedules





- Divide Ss into pairs.
- Explain that they should use the prompts in the box and ask and answer questions about each other's daily schedules.
- Have Ss read the example.
- · Have Ss do the activity.

# Grammar

# Present Simple (affirmative and questions: *I, we, you, they*) - Prepositions of time

- A. Read the examples. What do you notice about the formation of the affirmative and question form of the Present Simple? What do you notice about the use of the prepositions of time on, in, at, until and from... to...?
  - **A:** What time do you start work on Monday?
  - **B:** I start at seven o'clock. I work from seven in the morning to three in the afternoon.

My flatmates work until ten o'clock at night!

**We get** up early **on** Saturday mornings but our friends get up late.

A: When do you relax?

B: At the weekend.

В.	Complete the dialogues with prepositions of time
	and the Present Simple of the verbs in brackets.

а

A: What time (1)	(you / go) to
school?	

**B:** (2) \_\_\_\_\_ 8.15 (3) \_\_\_\_ the morning.

b.

A:   (1)	(relax) and
(2)	(read) books
(3)	Saturdays What about you?

**B:** Well, I (**4**) \_\_\_\_\_ (work)

(5) \_\_\_\_\_\_ 4 o'clock every Saturday.
(6) \_\_\_\_\_\_ Saturday evenings my
wife and I (7) \_\_\_\_\_\_ (go) out with our

friends.

С.

A: What time (1) \_\_\_\_\_ (you and Pete / open) the shop (2) \_\_\_\_\_ Sundays?

B: We (3) \_\_\_\_\_ (open) the shop (4) \_\_\_\_\_ 10 a.m. We're open (5) 10 a.m. (6) 2 p.m.

# Listening O

Listen to two people talking about what time shops open and close in Madrid, Spain and in New York City, USA and complete the tables.



N	lew York City	
Mon-Fri:	9.00 p.m.	
Sat:	9.00 a.m	
Sun:		

# Speaking

Work in pairs. Ask and answer questions about each other's daily schedules, using the prompts in the box.

get up start work/classes finish work/classes relax

What time do you...?
I...
When do you...?
I...

2

# **LESSON TWO**

# Vocabulary •

# **Jobs and workplaces**

Match the pictures with the sentences. Then listen and check your answers.



1 She's a waitress. (



2 He's a pilot.



3 He's a doctor. (



4 She's a shop assistant.



5 She's a reporter. (

- a She works in a bookshop.
- **b** He works at a hospital.
- C She works for a TV station.
- d She works at a restaurant.
- e He works for an airline.

# Listening and reading •

A. Look at the pictures of the people and guess what they do.

B. Listen, read and check your answers



Ben Johnson lives in Brisbane, Queensland, Australia, but he works in the sky over Brisbane. He is a helicopter pilot and flies over the city to report the traffic news to radio and TV stations. He gives information to drivers in the city. 'It's an interesting job,' he says.

Ben Johnson



Melanie Greene works as a journalist for News Channel 9 and she's very busy. She starts her day early in the morning. She appears on *Good Morning Brisbane* every weekday from 5.30 a.m. to 7.00 a.m. She presents the news and gives information about other things, like the weather, the traffic, etc. 'I help people start their day,' she says. 'I love my job!'

Melanie Greene

### **FUNCTIONS**

Describing work

Asking for more information

Talking about permanent situations

Talking about routines

### **STRUCTURES**

Present Simple (affirmative and Wh-questions: he, she, it)

### **VOCABULARY**

appear at busy channel city do fly for give helicopter help in information interesting like live love news over present radio report say sky traffic weekday weather

### Jobs and workplaces

airline bookshop doctor driver hospital journalist pilot reporter restaurant shop assistant TV station waitress

### **Phrases**

on TV Where ...? work as

# Vocabulary CD 1 1 23

# **Jobs and workplaces**

Aims: • to introduce vocabulary related to jobs and workplaces



- Draw Ss' attention to pictures 1-5 and sentences a-e.
- Explain the activity and have Ss do it individually or in pairs.
- Play the recording and tell Ss to check their answers.

### **KEY**

- 1. d
- 2. e
- 3. b
- 4. a 5. c

# Warm-up

Aims: • to introduce the topic of the lesson and the main functions presented



• Discuss which jobs from the Vocabulary activity Ss find interesting/boring and why.

# Listening and reading CD 1 1 24

A. Aims: • to use visual information to predict the content of the texts



- Ask Ss to look at the pictures and try to guess what the people's jobs are.
- · Elicit answers and discuss.

**B.** Aims: • to present vocabulary, structures and functions in the context of two short texts about jobs

- to check predictions
- to read for gist
- Ask Ss to read through the texts. Point out to them that they should not worry about unknown words at this
- Play the recording and tell Ss to follow in their books.
- · Check Ss' predictions.

### KEY

The man is a helicopter pilot.

The woman is a journalist for News Channel 9.

# **LESSON TWO**

### C. Aims: • to check comprehension of specific information in the texts



- · Ask Ss to read the questions 1-5.
- Ask Ss to read the texts again and answer the questions.
- · Check answers.

### **KEY**

- 1. He lives in Brisbane, Queensland, Australia.
- 2. He reports the traffic news to radio and TV stations.
- 3. He helps the drivers in the city.
- 4. She gives information about the weather and the traffic on the streets.
- 5. She appears on TV every weekday from 5.30 a.m. to 700 a m



- · Divide Ss into pairs.
- Tell Ss that Student A should mime a profession and Student B should try to guess it.
- Explain to Ss that they should take turns to mime and
- · Alternatively, play the miming game as a class activity.

# Grammar

A. Aims: • to introduce the third person singular of the **Present Simple affirmative and Wh-questions** 



- Have Ss read each example and point out the words in
- · Ask Ss the question given and elicit the answer that the third person singular of the Present Simple affirmative is formed by putting an -s at the end of the verb. Explain that the verbs ending in -ss, -sh, -ch, -x and -o take -es. The verbs ending in consonant -y drop the -y and take -ies. Point out to Ss that the interrogative form of the third person singular of the Present Simple is formed with the auxiliary verb does and the main verb in the infinitive form
- · Refer Ss to the Grammar Reference at the back of the book.
- **B.** Aims: to practise using the structures taught in this lesson in the context of short dialogues



- · Ask Ss to read the dialogues.
- · Have Ss do the activity.
- · Check answers.

### KEY

2. works a. 1. work 3. do 4. presents b. 1. do 3. loves 2. go c. 1. speaks 2. speak 3. mean 4. means

# Pronunciation CD 1 1 25-26

- **A.** Aims: to present the difference between the /s/, /z/and  $/_{\rm IZ}/$  sounds of the verbs in the third person singular of the Present Simple affirmative

  - Play the recording and have Ss repeat the words.
  - · Ask Ss the question given and elicit the answer that speaks ends in an /s/ sound, gives in a /z/ sound and closes in an /ız/ sound.
  - Explain to Ss that the final -s is pronounced /s/ when a verb ends in a f/, k/, t/, p/ or  $\theta/$  sound. It is pronounced /1Z/ when a verb ends in a /s/, /z/, /[/,  $t / t / \sqrt{z}$  or  $d / \sqrt{z}$  sound. It is pronounced  $d / \sqrt{z}$  when a verb ends in any other sound except the ones mentioned
- **B.** Aims: to practise the difference between the /s/, /z/and  $/_{\rm IZ}/$  sounds of the third person singular of the Present Simple affirmative



- Explain the activity to Ss.
- · Play the recording and have Ss do the activity.
- Check answers.

### KEY

	answer <b>s</b>	finish <b>es</b>
speak <b>s</b> /s/		
give <b>s</b> /z/	✓	
close <b>s</b> /ɪz/		✓
	help <b>s</b>	flies
speak <b>s</b> /s/	✓	
give <b>s</b> /z/		✓
close <b>s</b> /ɪz/		
	write <b>s</b>	go <b>es</b>
speak <b>s</b> /s/	✓	
give <b>s</b> /z/		1
close <b>s</b> /ız/		

# Speaking

Aims: • to give Ss practice in exchanging information about others





- Divide Ss into pairs.
- Tell Ss to go to the Speaking Section and read through their boxes. Ask Ss to read the information and explain that they should ask and answer questions in order to complete their boxes.
- Have Ss do the activity.

### C. Read again and answer the questions.

- 1. Where does Ben live?
- 4. What information does Melanie give to people?
- 2. What does he report?
- 5. When does she appear on TV?
- 3. Who does he help?

# Grammar

# Present Simple (affirmative and questions: he, she, it)

A. Read the examples. How do we form the third person singular of the Present Simple?



- A: What does she do?
- **B:** She's a waitress. **She works** at a Chinese restaurant.



- **A:** Jack's a helicopter pilot. **He flies** a helicopter all day.
- **B:** What time does he finish work?
- **A:** He finishes at 6.00 p.m.

B. Complete the dialogues with the Present Simple of the verbs in the box. Use some verbs more than once.

	work	prese	ent :	speak	
	go	mean	do	love	
a.					
A: Where doe	es your	friend, M	att, ( <b>1</b> )		?
<b>B:</b> He ( <b>2</b> )			for a r	adio statio	n.
A: Really? Wh	nat doe	s he ( <b>3</b> ) _			_ there?
<b>B:</b> He ( <b>4</b> )			the ne	ews.	
A: That's a gr	eat job	.5			
b.					
<b>A:</b> What do y evenings?	ou ( <b>1</b> ) _			on Satı	urday
B: Sally and I restaurant					
restaurant		,	,		
C.					

<b>A:</b> My wife ( <b>1</b> )	English and French.
(2)	English, French and Spanish.

**B:** Really? What does *casa* (3) \_\_\_\_\_ in Spanish?

**A:** It (**4**) \_\_\_\_\_\_ house.

# Pronunciation •

A. Listen and repeat. What's the difference between **a**, **b** and **c**?

a. speaks b. gives c. closes

B. Now listen and tick ( $\checkmark$ ) the sound you hear.

	answer <b>s</b>	finish <b>es</b>	help <b>s</b>	flies	write <b>s</b>	go <b>es</b>
speak <b>s</b> /s/						
give <b>s</b> /z/						
close <b>s</b> /ız/						



# **LESSON THREE**

# Vocabulary •

# **Duties at work**

Match the pictures with the sentences. Then listen and check your answers.



1 She's a secretary.



He's a bus driver.





2 He's a waiter.



- a He takes people to different places in his car.
- b He drives a bus and takes people round the city.
- C She types emails and answers phone calls.
- d He teaches students.
- e He serves customers.

meals. Sometimes he/she

is in the hotel restaurant too and helps the guests

choose a dish.

- 4 He's a taxi driver.
- He's an English teacher.

# Reading •

- A. Look at a career advice website showing different full-time and part-time jobs in a hotel. Look at the pictures and guess what each person does.
- B. Listen, read and compare the information in the text with your answers.

auests.



CHEF

### **FUNCTIONS**

Describing work

Asking for more information

### **VOCABULARY**

also around bus car carry choose dish drive email entrance exactly find hotel key luggage meal park phone call place prepare room serve take taxi teach type

### Words related to jobs and duties

bellboy chef concierge customer doorman full-time guest part-time receptionist secretary waiter

### **Phrases**

have a job in my car tell sb what to do

# Vocabulary CD 1 1 27

### **Duties at work**

Aims: • to present and practise vocabulary related to duties at work



- Draw Ss' attention to the pictures 1-5 and ask them to guess the meaning of the accompanying sentences.
- Ask Ss to read sentences a-e and match them with the pictures 1-5.
- Play the recording and ask Ss to check answers.

# KEY

- 1. c
- 2. e
- 3. b
- 4. a 5. d

# Pre-reading

Aims: • to introduce the topic of the reading text



- Focus on the type of text and the layout and ask Ss where such a text is likely to appear (in a website).
- Explain what career advice means.
- Ask Ss where they usually seek advice before they decide on their future career.

# Reading CD 1 1 28

- A. Aims: to present vocabulary and functions in the context of a text from a career advice website
  - to use visual information to predict the content of the text
  - . 9 9.
  - Draw Ss' attention to the pictures and ask them to guess what exactly each of the people does.
  - Elicit answers.

### **B.** Aims: • to read for gist and check predictions



- Play the recording and ask Ss to follow in their books.
- Compare Ss' answers with the information in the text.

# **LESSON THREE**

C. Aims: • to read for specific information

- to transfer from verbal to visual information
- . 4
- Ask Ss to look at the pictures, read the text again and write which hotel employee can help the people in the pictures.
- · Have Ss do the activity.
- · Check answers.

### **KEY**

- 1. bellboy
- 2. receptionist
- 3. bellboy
- 4. concierge
- 5. doorman
- 6. chef

# Listening CD 1 1 29

Aims: • to listen for gist

- . 😜 🤧
- Explain to Ss that they should match the people with the correct jobs. Tell them that there is one extra job which they do not need to use. Point out that they should decide whether they are part-time or full-time jobs too.
- · Play the recording twice.
- · Check answers and ask Ss to provide justification.

### **KEY**

- 1. a, part-time
- 2. d. full-time
- 3. b, full-time

# LISTENING TRANSCRIPT

Tom: I'm a student and I also work at the Prince Harold Hotel. I finish university at five o'clock and take the bus to the hotel. I work until nine o'clock. I like my job because I meet new people all the time. The chef makes some great meals. But we never get to eat any, we just serve them!

Roy: I wake up early in the morning and work all day long. I usually drive to the hotels in the morning because there are always a lot of customers there. I sometimes go home for lunch in the afternoon, but I usually work until late at night. Sometimes as late as twelve o'clock. It's a hard job.

Phil: I really like my job. I start work at eight o'clock in the morning and I finish at about seven in the evening. There are always a lot of guests at the hotel so I prepare many different meals. Sometimes the guests come into the kitchen and tell me how much they like the food. I like that.

# Speaking

Aims: • to give Ss practice in asking and answering questions about working habits

- · Divide Ss into pairs.
- Explain to Ss that Student A should pretend to be the interviewer and Student B should pretend to be the interviewee. The interviewee should answer the interviewer's questions about himself/herself and about a friend of his/hers. The interviewer should complete the form.
- · Choose a student and act out the dialogue.
- Have Ss do the activity.

# Writing

Aims: • to give Ss practice in writing an email, describing a new job



- · Explain the writing task to Ss.
- Point out that they should use the prompts from the Speaking activity to write the email.
- If time is scarce, assign the writing task for homework.

C. Read the text again and look at the pictures. Write which hotel employee can help these guests.













6.

# Listening O

Listen to three people talking about their jobs. Decide whether they are part-time or full-time jobs and match the people with the correct jobs. There is one extra job which you do not need to use.

# part-time

full-time

1. Tom 2. Roy

3.

- 3. Phil
- a waiter
- **b** chef
- **c** bellboy
- d taxi driver

# Speaking

Work in pairs.

### Student A

Imagine that you are doing a survey on people's working habits. Interview Student B and complete the form. Then ask Student B questions about a friend of his/hers.

### Student B

Student A is interviewing you about your working habits. Answer his/her questions. If you don't have a job, imagine that you do. Then answer questions about a friend of yours.

	WORK SURVEY		
	Student B	His/Her friend	
what / do / ?			
where / work / ?			
what / exactly / do /?			
part-time or full-time job / ?			
what time / start and finish / work / ?			
interesting or boring job /?			

# Writing

Imagine that you have a new job. Write an email to a friend and describe the job using the prompts from the Speaking activity.

I have a n	are you? Guess what!
I have a n	іем јор.

# **LESSON ONE**

A. Look at the clocks and write the time, as in the example.



1. It's half past three.







3. \_\_\_\_\_







night.

5.

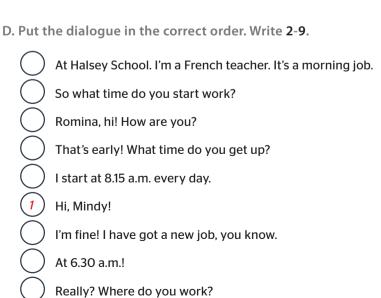
B. Complete the text with prepositions of time and the Present Simple of the verbs in the box.

work start relax finish work go get up How are things? Well, not that great. My life is boring! I (1) \_\_\_\_\_ early (2) the morning and (3) \_\_\_\_\_ to the office. I (4) \_\_\_\_\_ work (5) 8.30 a.m. and I (6) \_\_\_\_\_ 4.30 p.m. That's OK, but I also (8) \_\_\_\_\_ (9) Saturdays, (**10**) 9.00 a.m. (**11**) 5.00 p.m. I only (**12**) \_\_\_\_\_\_(**13**) Sundays. My best friends, Alex and Simon, (14) \_\_\_\_\_\_ in a shop. It is open (15) the weekend too, (16) 10.00 (17)



C. John and his wife, Jennifer, are teachers. Look at their weekly schedule and write questions or answers, as in the example.

1111		ппппп	The state of the s	пппп		ппп
MON	TUE	WED	THU	FRI	SAT	SUN
school  Start: 8.00 a.m.  Finish: 3.00 p.m.	school Start: 8.30 a.m. Finish: 1.00 p.m.	school Start: 9.00 a.m. Finish: 2.30 p.m.	school  Start: 10.00 a.m.  Finish: 2.45 p.m.		go shopping 8.00 p.m. go to Tina's	11.00 a.m. go to Tina's house
2. At half past to 3. On Saturday 4. At half past 6	om Monday to F wo. s and Sundays.		7. \	What time do the	ey finish work on ey start work on leg	Thursdays?





LESSON TWO

A. Complete the sentences and the crossword.	0	2	
I love books, and I work as a shop			3
in a bookshop.	4		
2. James is a(n), and he works			
for a radio station.			
3. Jordan is a(n) at			
Sommerville Secondary School.			
4. Patrick is a doctor. He works at Lister			
<del>.</del>	<b>5</b>		
5. Meredith is a pilot. She works for an American			
6. Ms Hobson works as a(n) in			
an Italian restaurant.	0		

B. Complete the text with the Present Simple of the verbs in brackets.

Paul Chang ( <b>1</b> )	(live) in Chicago. He is a			
reporter, and he (2)	(present) the news			
on Channel 7. He (3)	(appear) on TV			
every afternoon from three to four o'clock. He				
( <b>4</b> ) (love) h	nis job. Kim, his wife, has got			
a bookshop and she's very busy.				
On Saturdays, Paul (5) _	(help) Kim at			
-	(help) Kim at (give) people			
the bookshop. He (6)	•			
the bookshop. He (6)	(give) people ooks. On Sundays, Paul and			
the bookshop. He (6) information about the bo Kim (7) (re	(give) people ooks. On Sundays, Paul and			



C. Look at the pictures and the prompts and write questions and answers using the Present Simple.



What / Mr Harrison / do?

be / teacher

What / Alice / do / weekend? ) ( read / books





Where / Nick / go / every Saturday?) go / restaurant

Where / Pat / live?

live / London



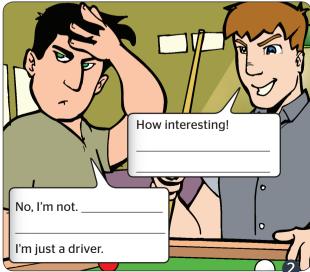
D. Complete the dialogue with the sentences in the box.

Are you a reporter?

My job is boring.

Where do you work?



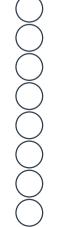


A. Look at the table and write sentences about the people, as in the example.

		DU	TIES	
Fred	Starts: 8.15 a.m. Finishes: 4.15 p.m.	fly / helicopter	report / traffic news	1. Fred works from 8.15 a.m. to 4.15 p.m.  He flies a helicopter and reports the  traffic news.
Sarah	Starts: 8.45 a.m. Finishes: 4.45 p.m.	send / emails	answer / phone calls	2. Sarah
Luke	Starts: 7.30 a.m. Finishes: 3.30 p.m.	park / cars	carry / luggage	3. Luke
Tony	Starts: 7.00 a.m. Finishes: 4.00 p.m.	prepare / meals	serve / customers	4. Tony

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1. Where do they live?	
2. Where do you work?	
3. What does he do?	
4. How are things at work?	
5. What exactly does she do?	
6. What time do you get up in the morning?	
7. When do you go out with your friends?	
8. Is your job interesting?	



- a At half past seven.
- **b** She teaches English.
- C In Tennessee.
- d In a hospital.
- Not that great.
- f On Fridays and Saturdays.
- **g** No, it's boring.
- he's a taxi driver.

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